

# Home assignment for class - VI

## English Grammar

### 1. Sentences and Phrases :-

- Definition of sentence and phrase.
- Difference between sentence and phrase.
- Kind of sentences.
- Definition of each kind of sentence with example.

\*\* A sentence is a group of words arranged in a way that it makes a complete sense. For Ex. I go to school.

\*\* Phrase is also a group of words that make sense but not a complete sense. For Ex. get out, in the east.

⊕ Write the given groups of words in a proper order to form meaningful sentences:

- India the New Delhi of is capital → New Delhi is the capital of India.
- Roshni play loves to dolls with →
- Complete food is a milk →
- red wore the girl a scarf →
- Late you today why are →
- Sensible is lady a soniya →
- daily go to I park →
- circle end has no a →

⊕ Write the name of the kinds of sentences.

- Don't spit on the floor.
- What a lovely park!
- Who teaches you English?
- Sunit became a teacher.
- Be kind to all.
- If you have completed the job, you may go home.
- I am not interested in games.

### 2. Affirmative and Negative Sentences :

- What do you understand by affirmative or positive sentence?
- Definition of Negative sentence.
- Change of affirmative into negative sentence :

1. He is my neighbour.  
→ He is not my neighbour.
2. They have some work today.  
→ They do not have any work today.
3. I have something to tell.

4. Seema sings well.
5. I can dance.
6. We tried our best.
7. I shall go to Mumbai.
8. Nitin goes for a walk.
9. Sujata has completed her homework.
10. Raman saw an old man climbing up the hill.

D. Change of affirmative into interrogative sentence :

1. He said this yesterday. → Did he say this yesterday?
2. He can write.
3. I may help you.
4. She has performed well.
5. They will solve this matter.
6. It rained last night.
7. They had been walking.
8. We shall enjoy picnic tomorrow.
9. She would like to read this.

E. Change the following negative sentences into affirmative :

1. I will not have anything to do with him.  
→ I will have something to do with him.
2. He can neither read nor write.
3. They have no holiday tomorrow.
4. You do not know what she wants.
5. There is no water in the tank.

B. Nouns :

- A. Definition of Noun and its kind.
- B. Definition of each kinds of noun with example..
- C. Make a list of Ten (10) common nouns.
- D. Make a list of Ten (10) Abstract nouns.
- E. Make a list of Ten (10) collective nouns.
- F. Make a list of Ten (10) Proper nouns.
- G. Make a list of Ten (10) Material nouns.

H. Rewrite the following sentences correctly. Use capital letters where necessary :

1. the taj mahal is in agra. → The Taj Mahal is in Agra.
2. delhi is the capital of india. → Delhi is the capital of India.
3. ashoka was a great King. → Ashoka was a great King.
4. the himalayas are the highest mountain. → The Himalayas are the highest mountain.

5. Queen Elizabeth is the queen of England.

6. The Ganga is a holy river in India.

7. The earth has a natural satellite.

I. Fill correct collective nouns in the following blanks.

Cattle, Ships, Sheep, musicians, sticks, cards, keys, students, Players, stones, books, members.

1. A herd of Cattle.

2. A bundle of \_\_\_\_\_

3. A heap of \_\_\_\_\_

4. A team of \_\_\_\_\_

5. A fleet of \_\_\_\_\_

6. A pack of \_\_\_\_\_

7. A flock of \_\_\_\_\_

8. A committee of \_\_\_\_\_

9. A library of \_\_\_\_\_

10. A band of \_\_\_\_\_

11. A class of \_\_\_\_\_

12. A bunch of \_\_\_\_\_

J. Write an application to the principal of your school requesting him/her to issue a School leaving Certificate.